

# SUSTAINABLE IT INFRASTRUCTURE DEPENDENT ON SCALABLE TECHNOLOGY CENTER MODEL



Eagle Creek Software Services

Whitepaper



"With success and growth, opportunity in the Indian labor market soared. resulting in widespread country-level talent issues: rising attrition from revolvingdoor hiring, inconsistency in talent quality, unprepared workers. ineffective project management (due to time zone differential), and difficulties from language, cultural, and time zone challenges"

Source: Allie Young, Helen Huntley, Frances Karamouzis, May 23,2013

**Gartner** 

### Sustainable IT Infrastructure Dependent on Scalable Technology Center Model

Companies continue to face tough choices in the development and support of technologies that increase efficiencies and quality, while helping to contain cost and increase revenue and grow profits. While companies of all sizes have begun to leverage technology and continue to make the associated investments, financial caution continues. Companies remain reticent to make full-time commitments to expand their workforce, but also see shortages of technology skills among offshore sourced workers and a shortage of available onshore consultants. This presents corporate business and technology professionals with an uncertain set of circumstances on which to base their decisions. The key to successful CRM and associated Business Intelligence (BI) and e-Commerce processes lies in the ability to take complete advantage of the applications and resources that are readily available and to be able to deploy them quickly, in a consistent, sustainable manner.

Mission critical information systems require development resources in close proximity to the client organization in order to fully serve the client's needs. However, while there is an increasing demand for IT professionals with CRM, BI and e-Commerce expertise, there is a shortage of skilled workers for this market. U.S. businesses need a sustainable model for developing the IT professionals who are needed to address these complex customerfacing (front office) applications. Eagle Creek has proved innovative in tackling these challenges. With unique IT staffing solutions, career development strategies and a partnership with the University of South Dakota, Eagle Creek has developed a sustainable and scalable model to solve this critical demand.

# U.S. companies are facing rising demand for information systems and IT staff to handle mission critical front office projects.

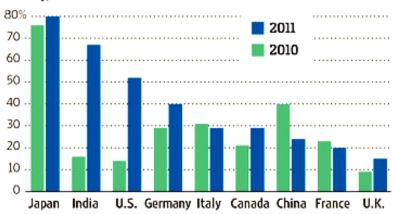
CRM and e-Commerce applications enable a company to better manage its customers and prospects but require utilizing a host of technologies to manage and operate intricate business activities. These critical applications, including the related BI tools for analyzing customer data, are vital to the success of any business. The need for IT staff knowledgeable in these technologies and concepts is growing due to the increasing growth in online and mobile channels. Unique industry requirements also demand that IT staff have impeccable problem solving and creativity skills along with technical expertise.



The survey (see charts) featured in an article by The Wall Street Journal, shows the increased demand for IT staff, which was not on The Help That's Most Wanted List in 2006

### Where Jobs Go Wanting

Percentage of employers reporting difficulty filling positions by country, 2010 vs. 2011



### The Help That's Most Wanted

Hardest jobs for U.S. employers to fill

| 2011                  |     |                              | 2006     |                           |
|-----------------------|-----|------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
|                       | 1   | Skilled trades               | 1        | Sales representatives     |
|                       | 2   | Sales representatives        | 2        | Engineers                 |
|                       | 3   | Engineers                    | 3        | Nurses                    |
|                       | 4   | Drivers                      | 4        | Technicians               |
|                       | 5   | Accounting & finance staff   | 5        | Accountants               |
|                       | 6   | IT staff                     | 6        | Administrative assistants |
|                       | 7   | Management/executives        | <u> </u> | /personal assistants      |
|                       | 8   | Teachers                     | 7        | Drivers                   |
|                       | 9   | Secretaries/administrative   | 8        | Call-center operators     |
|                       | 200 | assistants                   | 9        | Machinists                |
|                       | 10  | Machinists/machine operators | 10       | Management/executives     |
| Source: ManpowerGroup |     |                              |          |                           |

Business shows that the demand in the U.S. for technical programming jobs has exceeded the supply. The rising demand for information systems and IT staff is caused by a number of factors. New technologies such as mobile and social media create additional work with cross-channel integration. These technologies are also creating Big Data, which is constantly changing the ways organizations analyze and interact with customers and deliver services. McKinsey Global Institute's latest report on Big Data estimates that by

A study of occupational and career outlooks for MIS majors by the NYU Stern School of

2018 the U.S. could have a shortage of 140,000 to 190,000 people with deep analytical skills needed to manage and analyze big data.



## A decrease in supply of IT professionals creates expensive consequences and workers without needed skills for businesses.

The current number of MIS graduates is well below the pre-2004 levels. Digest of Education Statistics revealed the number of bachelor degrees in computer and information sciences decreased from almost 60,000 in 2004 to 38,000 in 2009. The demand for IT staff is growing, but the supply of U.S. MIS graduates has not kept pace. While CIO.com reports that computer science enrollments has increased each of the past four years, the increases have not yet driven enrollment levels to previous heights.

Fewer students elected to pursue MIS degrees for multiple reasons. With tough economic conditions, such as previous and the current recessions, students perceived that MIS jobs were not in demand and were not as attractive as previously thought. This is in part due to the unpredictable boom/bust cycle associated with the IT industry as well as the threat of the increasing offshoring of technical positions. Sixty percent of students blamed the economy in general as to why enrollment had declined in their institutions, according to Issues in Information Systems. Contrarily, skilled IT graduates are needed desperately by U.S. businesses, especially to manage front office and associated initiatives.

The decrease in number of MIS and CS graduates is further compounded by the restrictions implemented on H1B visas, which prevent U.S. businesses from bringing overseas consultants, primarily Indian, to the U.S. to do IT work.

Additionally, a large number of experienced IT professionals are expected to leave the workforce over the coming years as baby boomers enter retirement. Occupational and career outlooks for MIS majors report "about 25 percent of today's labor force will retire in the years 2010-2020" and when applied to the IS field, job growth is expected to be 25 percent higher than suggested.

Corporations are seeing the negative effects from a lack of IT applicants. Without the proper resources to fill these highly skill-specific positions, businesses are forced to consider one of three options:

- Hiring onsite consultants, which is very expensive
- Moving critical development activities offshore, which increases risk and results in lower quality
- Recruiting, hiring and training their own IT resources

### Organizations are not staffed for major IT implementations and are not training employees.

Today's enterprises are not recruiting and developing their own IT talent. Organizations are not providing necessary training for new hires or ongoing training of employees to address the specific IT skill shortages in the front office. Long-term IT skill shortages must be addressed properly in order to produce employees with the appropriate industry training to support future needs. Most businesses are reluctant to hire young college graduates because of their lack of experience and are unwilling to invest in the necessary training.

How are new graduates getting proper industry training? *The Wall Street Journal's* Peter Cappelli's article on hiring employees states, "There are plenty of people out there who could step into jobs with just a bit of training – even recent graduates who don't have



much job experience." The problem is businesses are not willing to invest the time or money to train recent graduates. Companies are unwilling to make a commitment to training that will have long-term payback because of the fear of investing in IT resources that will be quickly recruited away by other organizations as a result of the heightened demand for their skills.

Many businesses believe that IT consulting and technical services have become commodities where plugging in cheaper offshore resources will solve the problem. However, CRM, BI and e-Commerce application development teams require close proximity to clients to be effective. Clients using offshore resources suffer with confusion, miscommunication and misunderstanding. IT staff must be able to solve problems and come up with creative solutions for customers.

In order for organizations to successfully develop effective customer-driven processes, communication between business and IT teams must be open and IT staff easily accessible. Without proper expertise and training, IT staff cannot properly address these problems. CRM, BI and e-Commerce implementations require deep domain experience, exposure to specific technology, as well as strong problem solving and communications skills.

Eagle Creek is committed to creating a long-term, sustainable source of CRM, BI and e-Commerce resources to serve the marketplace.

Eagle Creek has built and operates one of the only sustainable models that is bringing new talent into the IT work pool and providing the necessary level of training for IT staff. The Eagle Creek strategy addresses the underlying issue of provisioning a high level, sustainable talent base skilled in CRM, BI implementations and corresponding e-Commerce application development work.

Eagle Creek works with local and state governments in private-public partnerships to recruit and train new IT employees to work in Eagle Creek's technology centers to fill these highly skilled jobs. The U.S.-based technology centers are housed in lower-cost communities in North Dakota, South Dakota and Minnesota.

In August 2013, Eagle Creek took another key step toward bringing 1,000 jobs to the state of South Dakota when the company broke ground on a new facility in Vermillion. This new Technology Center joins the Pierre and Valley City facilities as the epicenter of the sustainable IT sourcing movement. Public-private partnerships are paramount when creating a sourcing model in the U.S. These partnerships have and will continue to provide equal benefits for all parties. Eagle Creek receives support in recruiting MIS and CS graduates to these locations. The local and state governments benefit from having an increase in young, higher paid professionals to their communities and the resulting growth in revenue base.

Eagle Creek has also created a partnership with local universities to assist with educating local college students in specific skill sets needed for Eagle Creek's clients. Through a partnership with the South Dakota Board of Regents and University of South Dakota (USD), the Information Technology Consultant Academy provides eligible students with a scholarship and a strategic career track to employment as an IT consultant. USD students have two scholarship options: a certificate program for undergraduates and a master's program. At Valley City State University in North Dakota, the university has developed special degree programs in CRM-related technologies, which help to train local MIS

"Positive market conditions exist in the U.S. to support providers' build-out of onshore capacity, ranging from financial incentives to an untapped U.S. IT labor pool"

Source:
Allie Young,
Helen Huntley,
Frances
Karamouzis,
May 23,2013

### Gartner.



graduates in specific CRM-related technologies and processes. These training programs teach specific skill sets and technologies for the highly specialized CRM information systems and IT related skills.

In addition, Eagle Creek also provides an extensive career development program for new employees. The training includes a nine month development program to enhance skills in technical and business consulting. After receiving classroom training, highly experienced technical mentors are assigned to offer a collaborative, team-based work environment. These teams work together on specific technologies to prepare new hires for the highly specialized work ahead of them.

#### Conclusion

In order to overcome the serious skills shortages for IT CRM, BI and e-Commerce staff, businesses must create a sustainable business model to support implementation of mission critical front office information systems. Eagle Creek has created a model that has boosted U.S. employment, overcome specific skill shortages, developed partnerships with public institutions, invested in college graduates and delivered superior solutions for its clients with increased ROI.

### About Eagle Creek Software Services

With over 300 consultants, Eagle Creek Software Services is the largest U.S. based onshore software services company. The 14-year-old Minneapolis-based consulting company has focused on improving efficiency and quality, while managing price and risk, for its Fortune 2000 clients. This means investing in America, where Eagle Creek has become a leader in rural IT sourcing with technology centers already established in Minnesota, South Dakota and North Dakota.

For more information on Eagle Creek visit, http://www.eaglecrk.com/